CERTIFICATION

Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) Public Water Supply Name 0240003 List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Systems included in this CCR The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Community public water system to develop and distribute a Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depending on the population served by the public water system, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published in a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures when distributing the CCR. You must mail, fax or email a copy of the CCR and Certification to MSDH. Please check all boxes that apply. Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach copy of publication, water bill or other) ☐ Advertisement in local paper (attach copy of advertisement) On water bills (attach copy of bill) ☐ Email message (MUST Email the message to the address below) Date(s) customers were informed: 6 /5 /17 . 6 /10 /17 . 6 / 15 / 17, 6/20,17,6/25,17, 6/20, CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service or other direct delivery. Must specify other direct delivery methods used Date Mailed/Distributed: / / CCR was distributed by Email (MUST Email MSDH a copy)

Date Emailed: / / ☐ As a URL (Provide URL _____ ☐ As an attachment ☐ As text within the body of the email message CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of published CCR or proof of publication) Name of Newspaper: Date Published: ____/ CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations) Date Posted: 6 / 5 / 2017 CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the following address (DIRECT URL REQUIRED): www. Crulfport-ms, gov/Publicworks/2016CCRReport pdf I hereby certify that the Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) has been distributed to the customers of this public water system in the form and manner identified above and that I used distribution methods allowed by the SDWA. I further certify that the information included in this CCR is true and correct and is consistent with the water quality monitoring data provided to the public water system of its last by the Mississippi State Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply Name/Title (President/Mayor, Owner, etc.) Submission options (Select one method ONLY) Mail: (U.S. Postal Service)
MSDH, Bureau of Public Water Supply Fax: (601) 576 - 7800 P.O. Box 1700 Jackson, MS 39215 Email: water.reports@msdh.ms.goy

CCR Deadline to MSDH & Customers by July 1, 2017!



City of Gulfport Water Department

1422 23rd Avanue Gulfport, MS 39501 Call (228) 868-5720 8:00 AM - 1:00 PM 2:00 PM -5:00 PM Monday-Friday www.guilporl-ms.gov

Downtown Office

Monday-Friday Lobby: 8:00am-4:30pm Drive-thru: 6:00am-5:00pm

Lyman Office Monday-Friday Lobby: 8:00 AM - 1:00 PM 2:00 PM - 5:00 PM

Account # Customer#

Amount Due

439999600 2591900

Bill # **Current Charges Due**

2272049 06/15/2017

\$143,103,54

NAVAL CONST, BATTALION CENTER, GULFPORT NAVAL OCEANOGRAPHIC OFFICE-MARINA GPT US NAVY 9226 3RD AVE #159 NORFOLK, VA 23511

CITY OF GULFPORT

Customer Name	Kee	this portion	for your rec	With the Designation of the San	I	TILITY BILI
NAVAL CONST. BATTALION CENTER NAVAL OCEANOGRAPHIC OFFICE-	R GULFPORT MARINA GPT	ien Bladinatere in in	ANNIAN PARANTA	BROAD		
2272049 05/30/2017				i a participa de la compansión de la compa		ing Due Date
Description	Previous Read Date	999600 - 26 Current Read Date	Previous Meter Reading	Cuttent Meter Reading	Usage	5/2017 Charge
SW TRANSPT SW TREATMT	04/30/2017				15096	73,967.80 69,135.74
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IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT YOUR DRING STORY OF THE PROPERTY OF YOUR ARRESTS TAY 224-86-8740	WYGY FFORT MARDICOFY BY CA	(CEOPEEN) Luing	icWorks/0	Total Curre Balance Fo	orward	143,103.54 .00
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➤ Detech and return the portion below with your payment >

NAVAL CONST. BATTALION CENTER, GULFPORT NAVAL OCEANOGRAPHIC OFFICE-MARINA GUI US NAVY 9226 3RD AVE #159 NORFOLK, VA 2361:1



UTILITY BILL Customer Copy Return with payment

Service Address	d learners and a second			
Service Address	I Bill Nilmhar	Account # & Customer #1	Current Billing Due Date	Amount Duc
			CHITCH DRING DUE Date	Amount Dae
BROAD AVE	2272049	439999600-2591900	06/15/2017	\$143,103,54
			AM JANEA III	W.MO. 100.04

Please write your Account Number on your check and enclose this portion of bill with your payment.

Remit To:

City of Gulfport Water and Sewer Dept. 3643 PO Box 123843 Dallas, TX 75312-3643

Check No. **Amount Paid** \$

00006042017202272049400143103547

A copy of the CCR has also been posted at the following locations as of 6/5/2017.

- 1) Harrison County Public Library
- 2) Gulfport Public Library
- 3) Gulfport City Hall

2016 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report City of Gulfport PWS#: 240003 June 2017

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a sefe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Pascagoula Formation and Graham Ferry Formation Aquifers. The city also purchases water from the HCUA-West.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the City of Guifport have received a moderate susceptibility ranking to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Colton Peterman at 228.868.5740. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on Tuesdays bl-weekly at 2:30 PM at the City Hall.

We routinely monitor for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2016. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2016, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pasticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. It's important to remember that the presence of these contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal"(MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) — The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

Meximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) – The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per lifer (mg/l) - one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter - one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

PWS ID#	:024000	13		TEST RESUL	719			
Contaminant	Violetio n Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MÇL	Likely Source of Contamination
TS 11 41		_						
Radioactiv	e Cont	aminan	ts					
5. Gross Alpha	re Cont	aminan 2012*	ts	.6 – 7.6	pCi/L	. 0	15	Erosion of natural deposits
	N	2012*		.6 – 7.6	pCi/L	. 0]	15	Erosion of natural deposits

13. Chromlum	N	2016*	4.7	.8 – 4.7		ppb		100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
16. Fluoride	N	2015*	.403	.18403		ppm		4 4		
17. Lead	N	2012/14*	2	0		dqq		0 AL=15		Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
19. Nitrate (as Nitrogen)	N	2016	.11	No Range		ppm		10 10		Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits
Volatile O										·
66. Ethylbenzene	N	2016	1.12	No Range		ppb		700	700	Discharge from petroleum refineries
76. Xylenes	N	2016	.00866	.000700666		ppm		10 10		Discharge from petroleum factories; discharge from chemical factories
81. HAA5 82. TTHM	N	2016	6	3-6	ppb		0		60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
Disinfectio 81. HAA5			,	3-6	ppb		0	*****	60	By-Product of drinking water
oz. i i i ivi ITotal	N	2016	11.2	9.34 – 11.2	ppb		٥		80	By-product of drinking water chloringtion.
(rihalomethanes)		1								chorination,
Chlorine	N	2016	.9	.30 - 2.5	Mg/l	Mg/I 0 MDRL = 4		RL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes	
Unregulate	d Co	ntamina	nts							
Bromochloromet hane	N	2013*	.468	No Range	UG/L			MRL	[;	Used as a fire-extinguishing fluid, an explosive suppressant, and as a solvent in the manufacturing of pesticides
Stronllum	N	2014*	55.4	6.918 – 55.4	UG/L					Naturally-occurring element found in the earth's crust and at low concentrations in seewater, and in some surface and ground water; cobaltous chloride was formerly used in medicines and as a germicide
√anadlum	N	2014*	.293	No Range	UG/L			MR	i.	Naturally-occurring elementat metai; used as vanadium pent oxide which i a chemical intermediate and a patalvat

Most recent sample. No sample required for 2016.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our water system is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or manmade. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminante in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1-800-426-4791.

The City of Gulfport works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.